What is a Group Home (GH) Facility?
A group home facility provides residential placement for reentrants who require additional support and oversight until they transition to the community. Facility staff assist these reentrants with finances, social services, employment and housing.

What is a Treatment Facility?
Alcohol and Other Drugs (AOD) – A licensed inpatient treatment facility that provides programming to reentrants in a manner and timeframe consistent with accepted clinical standards within the AOD treatment community.

Dual Diagnosis (DD) – A licensed inpatient treatment facility that provides programming to reentrants in a manner and timeframe consistent with accepted clinical standards within the AOD treatment community and addresses specific needs of a reentrant diagnosed with a mental illness.

Mental Health (MH) – A facility that provides residential programming for individuals diagnosed with a mental illness.

What is a Veterans’ (VET) Designated Facility?
A group home facility that provides Veteran’s Administration (VA) specific assistance to eligible reentrants. The facility provides the VA access to evaluate the reentrants for veteran-specific programming at a VA facility. Approved VETs will be transferred to a VA designated facility as space is available.

What is a Specialized Center (SPC)?
A specialized center provides enhanced community-based supervision and programming for individuals identified by the Parole Board, due to their offense and/or criminal history. A 12-session violence prevention booster is the standardized curriculum offered. Reentrants may transition to their home plan upon successful completion of the program.

What is the County Jail Work Release (WR) Reentry Initiative?
The DOC partners with select county jails to place reentrants in county work release programs who are from the respective or surrounding county and have plans to remain in the area when released. The expectation of this program is for the individuals to secure employment and a home plan in the area.
Bureau of Community Corrections (BCC)
Residential Programs

What is a Parole Violator Center (PVC)?

A parole violator center (PVC) is a joint effort between the DOC and PBPP that uses an evidence-based strategy to manage individuals who have committed non-violent, technical parole violations (TPVs). Individuals are not permitted to leave the center without an official escort.

Each individual placed in a PVC is required to participate in standardized treatment programming based upon his/her recent behavior, as well as the type, severity and nature of violation and violation history.

What is a Technical Parole Violator (TPV) in a County Prison?

TPVs that are not eligible for PVC placement are placed into the secure custody of a Contracted County Jail (CCJ) or State Correctional Institution (SCI) for programming and detention, based on the following ACT 122 criteria:

1) The violation was sexual in nature.
2) The violation involved assultive behavior.
3) The violation involved possession or control of a weapon.
4) The parolee has absconded and cannot be safely diverted to a community corrections center/facility.
5) There exists an identifiable threat to public safety and the parolee cannot be safely diverted to a community corrections center/facility.

NOTE: These ACT 122 TPVs are NOT housed in ANY Community Corrections Center (CCC) or Community Contract Facility (CCF).

A statewide list of residential programs and facilities is available here – add link.